2. Numaligarh Refinary
3. Crude distillation unit at Narimanam (Already Commissioned)

Joint Sector

1. Mangalore Refinery & Petrochemicals Limited by HPCL and M/s. Indian Rayon & Industries Limited. (Partly Commissioned)
2. Eastern India Refinery as a joint venture of Indian Oil Corporation and Kuwait Petroleum Corporation.
3. Western India Refinery as a joint venture of HPCL & Oman Oil Company.
4. Central India Refinery at Bina as a joint venture between BPCL and Oman Oil Company.

Governemnt has also granted Letters of Intent for setting up of refineries in Joint Venture, as under:—

(i) Setting up of refinery in U.P. by BPCL & Shell International.

(ii) Setting up of refinery in Punjab by HPCL and Saudi Aramco.

Government has accorded Stage-I clearnace to IOC for their Eastern India Refinery Project. Action for preparation of DFR has been initiated by IOC. The exact location of the refinery will be decided based on Detailed Feasibility Report.

The progress of these projects is reviewed to expedite implementation.

**Food Processing Units by Multinationals**

1804. SHRI RAHASBIHARI BARIK: Will the Minister of FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether some multinational companies have started Food Processing Units in the country;

(b) if so, the State-wise details thereof; and

(c) the number and the details of units set up by these multianational companies during the last three years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES (SHRI DILIP KUMAR RAY): (a) to (c) During the last three years, 81 units with foreign investment have been set up in the various sectors of food processing Statewise number of such units is as per Statement.

| State | No. of U |
|---|---|
| Andhra Pradesh | 10 |
| Goa | 7 |
| Gujarat Haryana | 1 |
| Himachal Pradesh | 6 |
| | 2 |
| Karnataka | 8 |
| Kerala | 12 |
| Maharashtra | 13 |
| Orissa | 1 |
| Punjab | 4 |
| Rajasthan | 2 |
| Tamil Nadu | 7 |
| Uttar Pradesh | 6 |
| West Bengal | 2 |
| Total: | 81 |

**Alternative Sites for Industries to be Shifted out of Delhi**

1805. SHRI S.M. KRISHNA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether any alternative sites have been found for the polluting industries to be shifted from the residential areas, as per the orders of the Supreme Court;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the manner in which the land to be vacated by these industries is to be utilised and the terms on which the new sites are being given to the polluting industries?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN AFFAIRS

AND EMPLOYMENT (DR. U. VENKATESWARLU): (a) and (b) In order to accommodate the industries to be shifted out of Delhi and to be relocated in the NCR outside NCT of Delhi, the participating States of NCR, namely, Uttar Pradesh, Rajasthan and Haryana have acquired and developed large chunke of areas in the past and are in the process of acquiring and developing some more new areas. A large number of plots of varying sizes are available in the industrial estates of Khushkhera, Share-Khurd, Neemrana, Sota Nalla and Matsya industrial areas of Alvar in the Rajasthan Sub-region and in Meerut, Greater NOIDA, Surajpur and Sikanderabad in the UP Sub-region of NCR. The plots will be allotted by the respective industrial development agencies of the States concerned.

(c) The Supreme Court of India in its order dated 10.S.96 has given detailed instructions for utilisation of the land which shall become available after closure/shifting of the industries. The manner in which the land to be vacated by these industries is to be utilised, as per the directions of the Supreme Court, is given in the Statement *(See* below). The terms on which the new sites will be given to the shifting industries will be decided by the State Governments in the NCR/their development agencies.

**Statement**

**THE MANNER IN WHICH THE LAND WHICH WOULD BECOME AVAILABLE ON ACCOUNT OF SHIFTING/RELOCATION OF HAZARDOUS/NOXIOUS/ EAVY AND LARGE INDUSTRIES FROM THE CITY OF DELHI AS PER THE DIRECTIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT**

| S. No. | EXTENT | Percentage to be Surrendered and Dedicated to the DDA for Development of Greenbelts and other spaces | Percentage to Developed by the owner for his own benefit in Accordance with the User Permitted under the Master Plan |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | Upto 2000 Sq. mtrs. (including the first 2000 Sq. mts. of the larger plot) | | 100% to be developed by the owner in accordance with the zoning regulations of the Master Plan |
| 2. | 0.2 to 5 ha. | 57 | 43 |
| 3. | 5 ha. to 10 ha. | 65 | 35 |
| 4. | Over 10 ha. | 68 | 32 |

On the percentage of land as shown in Col. 4, the owners at serial No. 2, 3 and 4 shall be entitled to one and a half time of the permissible FAR under the Master Plan. The totality of the land made available as a result of the relocation/shifting of the industries is to be used for the community needs. The land surrendered by the owner has to be used for the development of green belt and open spaces. The land left with the owner is to be developed in accordance with the user permitted under the Master Plan. In either way, the development is to meet the community needs which is in conformity with the provisions of the Master Plan.